**This information comes direct from the Health and Safety Executive. We at the Whitehouse arm follow all guidelines laid down by the Health & Safety Executive as well as the guidelines laid down by the National Association of Farms for Schools.**

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| **Introduction**This supplement Avoiding Ill Health at Open Farm – Advice to farmers contains advice for teachers and others who organise visits to farms. One of the highlights of such visits is seeing and possibly contacting animals, and this supplement advises on controlling the risk of infections contracted from them. All animals naturally carry a range of micro-organisms, some of which can be transmitted to humans, where they may cause ill health. Some infections which may be contracted on forms, such as the verocytotoxin-producing bacterium Escherichia Coli 0157 (E coli 0157), present a serious hazard and potentially cause severe disease.While the hazard from infection resulting from a farm visit is real, the risks are readily controlled by familiar measures that should be part of an everyday part of life. The following sensible steps will help make your visit even more safe, health and enjoyable.**Before your visit:*** Discuss visit arrangements with the farm management
* Assure yourself that the facilities provided match the recommendation in the main AIS23 information sheet.
* Decide what the ratio of pupils to teachers/assistants/parents should be. As a general rule, there should be one supervisor to every eight children under eight years old. If supervision levels are less than this, consider whether you should not allow direct contact with the children for children under eight.
* Discuss with pupils the rules for the visit, stressing that they must not eat or chew outside the areas in which you permit them to do so.
* Make sure that pupils wear appropriate clothing, including sturdy outdoor shoes (not sandals) or wellington boots if possible
* Check that cuts grazes etc on children’s hands is covered with a waterproof dressing.
 | **During and after the visit, make sure that the children*** Do not kiss animals
* Always wash their hands thoroughly before eating, after any contact with animals and again before leaving the farm.
* Est only in designated areas.
* Do not eat food that has fallen to the ground.
* Do not suck fingers or put hands, pens, pencils or crayons etc in mouths.
* Do not taste animal foods i.e eat only good that they have brought with them, or food for human consumption that they have bought on the farm.
* Clean or change their footwear before leaving, remember to wash their hands after any contact with animal faeces on their footwear.

**Check that the children stay in their allocated groups during the visit, and that they:*** Do not use or pick up tools (e.g spades and forks) unless permitted to do so by farm staff.
* Do not climb onto walls or animal pens etc.
* Listen carefully and follow the instructions and information given by the farm staff.
* Approach and handle animals quietly and gently.
* Do not chase, frighten or torment the animals.

**Remember*** The children are your responsibility during the visit
* You should supervise them during the visit; in particular during hand washing to make sure that each child washes thoroughly. Farm staff may be able to help you with this supervision.
* Allow plenty of time before eating or leaving so that children do not have to rush.

If a member of your groups shows signs of illness (e.g sickness or diarrhoea) after a visit, advise them or their parent/guardian to visit the doctor and explain that they have had recent contact with animals. |